

Yemen

- International boundary
- Governorate (*muhafazah*) boundary
- National capital
- Governorate (*muhafazah*) capital
- Railroad
- Road
- Track
- Airfield
- Port



SAUDI ARABIA

Boundary representation is not necessarily authoritative



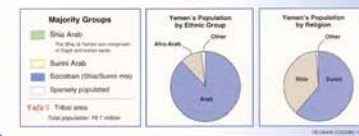
Physical Features



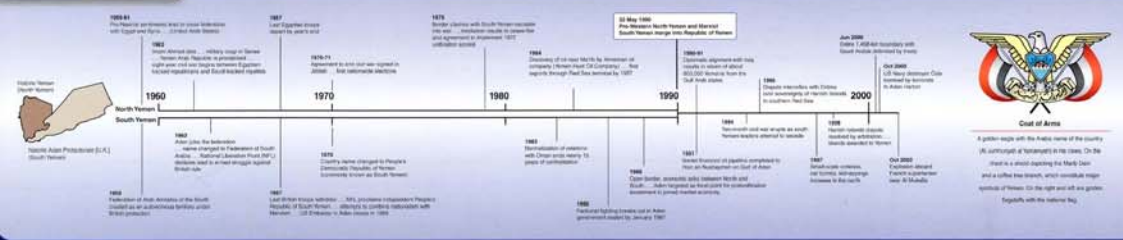
Country Profile



Distribution of Ethnoreligious Groups and Key Tribal Areas



Important Events From 1959 to Present



Factoids

Area: total: 527,970 sq km (203,850 sq mi)
note: includes Socotra and other islands

Coastline: 1,808 km (1,184 mi)

Land boundaries: total: 1,768 km (1,098 mi)
Saudi Arabia 1,458 km (906 mi)
Oman 288 km (179 mi)

Geography: strategic location on Bab al Mandeb, the strait linking the Red Sea and the Gulf of Aden, one of world's most active shipping lanes

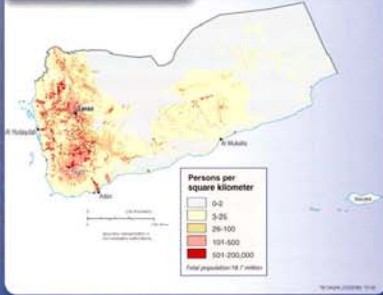
Terrain: narrow coastal plain backed by flat-topped hills and rugged mountains; dissected inland desert plains in center slope into the desert interior of the Arabian Peninsula

Climate: mostly desert; hot and humid along west coast; temperate in western mountains affected by seasonal monsoon; extraordinarily hot, dry, harsh desert in east

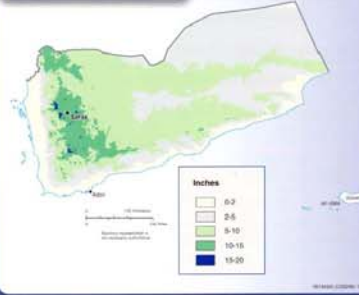
Disputes: 8 June 2000 treaty delimited the boundary with Saudi Arabia, but final demarcation requires adjustments based on tribal considerations

Environment: very limited natural fresh water resources; inadequate supplies of potable water; overgrazing; soil erosion; desertification

Population Density



Annual Rainfall



Economic Activity



Land Use

